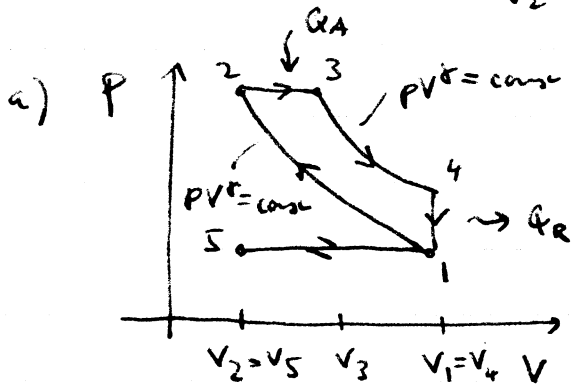
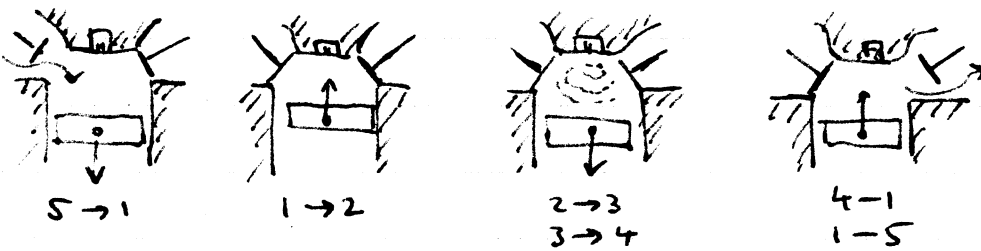


Diesel engine:  $r = \frac{V_1}{V_2} = 15$ ,  $r_c = \frac{V_3}{V_2} = 2$ ,  $T_1 = 288\text{K}$ ,  $p_1 = 1\text{bar}$



- 5 → 1: intake stroke (inlet valve open)
- 1 → 2: compression stroke (adiabatic rev.)
- 2 → 3: heat addition (after compression ignition  $p = \text{const}$ )
- 3 → 4: power stroke (ad. reversible)
- 4 → 1: heat rejection at const. volume
- 1 → 5: exhaust stroke (exhaust valve open)



2 shaft revs per cycle:  
1-2-3-4-1  
1-5-1

b)  $\eta_m^D = 1 - \frac{Q_R}{Q_A} = 1 - \frac{c_v(T_4 - T_1)}{c_p(T_3 - T_2)} = 1 - \frac{1}{\gamma} \frac{T_1}{T_2} \frac{\left(\frac{T_4}{T_1} - 1\right)}{\left(\frac{T_3}{T_2} - 1\right)}$ ;  $\begin{matrix} 1 \rightarrow 2 \\ \text{ad. rev.} \\ 3 \rightarrow 4 \end{matrix} \frac{T_1}{T_2} = \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^{1-\gamma}$

2-3 isobar:  $\frac{T_3}{T_2} = \frac{V_3}{V_2}$ ; 4-1 isochor:  $V_1 = V_4$ ;  $\frac{T_4}{T_3} = \left(\frac{V_4}{V_3}\right)^{1-\gamma} = \left(\frac{V_1}{V_3}\right)^{1-\gamma} = \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^{1-\gamma} \left(\frac{V_2}{V_3}\right)^{1-\gamma}$

$\frac{T_4}{T_3} = \frac{T_4}{T_1} \frac{T_1}{T_2} \frac{T_2}{T_3} = \frac{T_4}{T_1} \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^{1-\gamma} \left(\frac{V_2}{V_3}\right)^{1-\gamma}$  so  $\frac{T_4}{T_1} = \left(\frac{V_3}{V_2}\right)^\gamma$  use:  $r = V_1/V_2$ ,  $r_c = V_3/V_2$

$\eta_m^D = 1 - \frac{1}{\gamma} r^{1-\gamma} \frac{r_c^\gamma - 1}{r_c - 1}$ ;  $\eta_m^D = 0.60$  c)  $T_2 = T_1 r^{\gamma-1}$ ;  $T_2 = 85\text{K}$

d)  $N = 2000\text{ rpm}$ ,  $\frac{n_{\text{days}}}{\text{no. cycle}} = 4 \cdot \frac{2000}{2} = 4000 \frac{\text{days}}{\text{minute}}$  (Note: 2 revs/day)

e)  $\dot{W} = W \cdot \frac{n_{\text{days}}}{60}$ ,  $W = 2.8\text{ kJ per cycle}$ ;  $W = m c_p (T_3 - T_2) - m c_v (T_4 - T_1)$   
 $W = m c_p T_1 \left( \frac{T_3}{T_2} \frac{T_2}{T_1} - \frac{T_2}{T_1} - \frac{1}{\gamma} \frac{T_4}{T_1} + \frac{1}{\gamma} \right)$ ;  $W = m c_p T_1 \left( r^{\gamma-1} (r_c - 1) - \frac{1}{\gamma} (r_c^\gamma - 1) \right)$

$m = 0.0054\text{ kg}$ ;  $m = \rho V_1$ , so  $V_1 = \frac{m R T_1}{P_1}$ ,  $V_1 = 0.0045\text{ m}^3$   $V_D = V_1 \left(1 - \frac{1}{r}\right) 4 = 16.6\text{ l}$  (rather large for 250 HP!)